

# Global Health EDCTP3 Legal and Financial Workshop

**Module 4: Internal Controls and Ex-post Audits** 

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## Horizon Europe Audit Strategy as part of internal control

The **main objectives** of the Audit Strategy are:

- ➤ To provide reasonable assurance to the Authorising Officers implementing HE grants on the effectiveness of the of the overall control system in place.
- Clean the budget of any ineligible amounts declared by and paid to beneficiaries by the relevant services of the Commission.
- Facilitate the discharge procedure of the Joint Undertaking.

The Audit Strategy is based on **lessons learnt from the H2020** audit campaign and incorporates recommendations from the **IAS** and the **ECA**. It is fully compliant with all relevant audit Standards.

The strategy will contribute to **maintain an error rate below 2% for Horizon Europe**, aiming at **better control** rather than more control and ensuring cost-efficiency of controls.



#### Why an Audit Strategy: Assurance Elements

- Ex-post audits provide assurance on the legality of its payments according to HE rules and grant agreements
- Residual error rate at an acceptable level

#### **Ex-post audits allow to:**

- Verify whether costs declared in the financial statements have been properly incurred and are eligible costs
- > Detect potential errors in JU payments to our beneficiaries
- Correct the audited financial statements
- Extend the correction to unaudited cost claims of audited beneficiaries in case of systematic errors
- Provide advice for system improvements through recommendations
- Confirm the legality and regularity of the underlying transactions
- In depth analysis of the costs claimed by beneficiaries supported by appropriate and relevant evidence
- Independent from ex-ante controls



#### What/when

- Article 25.2 Grant Agreement (Art. 25 Checks, Reviews, Audits and Investigations-Extension of findings)
- Costs declared and paid by the beneficiaries through financial statements
- Audits may be carried out:
  - Anytime after you receive first interim payment
  - up to 2 years after payment of the balance (incl. extension of findings from other grants)



#### Who?

#### **European Commission: the Common Audit Service (CAS)**

 Audits are conducted by the CAS of the European Commission or External Audit Firms

#### **European Court of Auditors (ECA)**

Audits conducted by the ECA which contribute to the ECA's annual assurance

#### **Differences with CAS audits**

- The audits are very limited in scope (not all expenditure is checked in full)
- They do not qualify for a CFS exemption since they are not performed in full scope
- There is no extension of audit results to other cost claims.

Other entities that may carry out checks, reviews, audits and investigations — during the action or afterwards: the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF), the European Public Prosecutor's Office (EPPO)



#### Audit Fieldwork



Before the audit, the beneficiary will receive a **Letter of Announcement**, detailing:

The **scope** of the audit (projects and periods concerned)

The dates of the fieldwork

Which documents to prepare for the fieldwork

During the phase of fieldwork, the auditors will verify the documentation underlying the submitted cost claims. The fieldwork will end with an **exit meeting** 



#### **Audit Fieldwork**



Lack of cooperation during the audits may lead to cost rejections and/or grant reductions.

#### Rejection of costs (Art.27)

Costs considered ineligible following payment claims, terminations, checks, audits or extensions of audit findings

#### **Grant reduction (Art. 28)**

In case substantial errors, irregularities or fraud/serious breach of GA obligations or in other Gas

Other non-compliance measures: chapter 3 of GA



## What can you do if you are not in agreement with the audit findings?

**During the fieldwork**, the auditors will start preparing potential findings and ask for complementary information

→ **Respond** to their request

At the end of the fieldwork, the closing meeting takes place. At this meeting, the auditors will elaborate on the main conclusions of the audit

→ Clarify outstanding issues

A **Draft Audit Report** will be submitted by the Commission to the beneficiary for the **formal contradictory procedure**. **Ask for advice**, **if needed**.

→ **Provide** the required information

- Use these opportunities to comment on findings
- Respond to the auditors timely



#### Closure of the audit and Letter of Conclusion

- Following the contradictory procedure and several quality checks, the auditors will issue a Final Audit Report and a Letter of Conclusion.
   These documents detail the outcome of the audit.
- The audit can either result in (detected error):
  - Positive adjustments in favour of the beneficiary
  - Negative adjustments
  - No adjustments
- Findings can be either <u>systemic/recurrent</u> or <u>non-systemic/non-recurrent</u>.
  - Systemic: inherently related to the beneficiary's methodologies, accounting, management or internal control practices. If there are negative findings, which are of a systemic/recurrent nature, the extension procedure will be launched (90 days to reply)



Closure of the audit: Extension

If there are **negative findings**, which are of a **systemic/recurrent nature**, the **extension** procedure will be launched. **The error rate will be extended to** unaudited **cost claims** of the same beneficiary (also for other Granting Authorities).

The Letter of Conclusion will invite the beneficiary to:

- 1. Choose the correction method
- 2. Identify and justify the scope of the extension (which projects and periods)

If the beneficiary does not respond within 90 days, the overall flat rate may be applied by default by the implementing Granting Authority.

LOC does not express a final position on the financial impact of audit (JU decision)



#### Lessons learnt

#### Avoid Errors by making sure that:

- ➤ You are not declaring budgeted or estimated time;
- ➤ Best value for money & no conflict of interest;
- ➤ Keep records and documentation (Art 20, Record Keeping)



#### Do not wait for an audit!

- ➤ Be diligent and keep evidence from the FIRST DAY OF THE PROJECT
- ➤ Claim actual costs and declare all cost items
- ➤ Follow your usual accounting practice





## Thank you for your attention





